

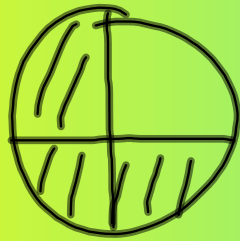
Write down pairs of fractions that total 1.

$$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{6}{12} + \frac{6}{12}$$

$$\frac{7}{14} + \frac{7}{14}$$

$$\frac{9}{10} + \frac{1}{10}$$



$$\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{21}{42} + \frac{21}{42}$$

$$\frac{15}{20} + \frac{5}{20}$$

$$\frac{19}{20} + \frac{1}{20}$$

$$\frac{18}{20} + \frac{2}{20}$$

$$\frac{11}{20} + \frac{9}{20}$$

Heads I win, tails you lose

Probability

The chances are..you'll be good at this.

Certain

A year 8 maths text book will have numbers in it.

If you ask someone at random, they will have a tv

likely

throwing a coin and getting a head

equally likely

unlikely

throwing a dice and getting a 1

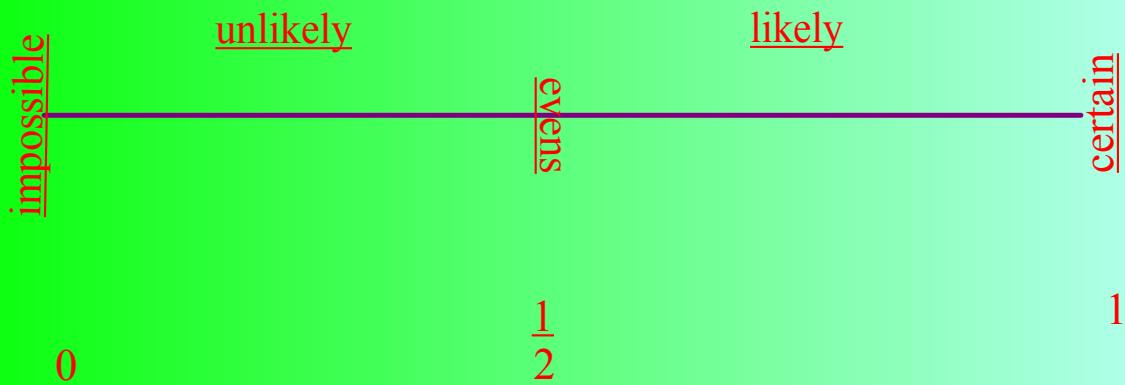
Tomorrow I will be 6ft tall

Impossible

There are adults and children in this school, so the chances of an adult walking through the door is 1/2. True or false?

Can you think of some events that have an evens chance of occurring?

The Probability Scale: Using words and fractions

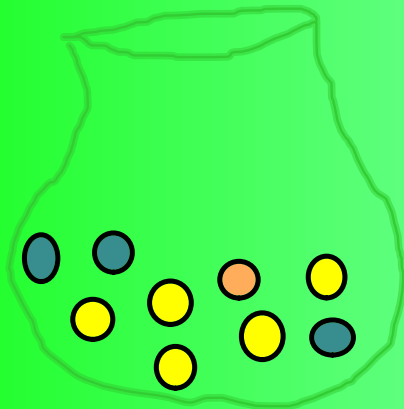


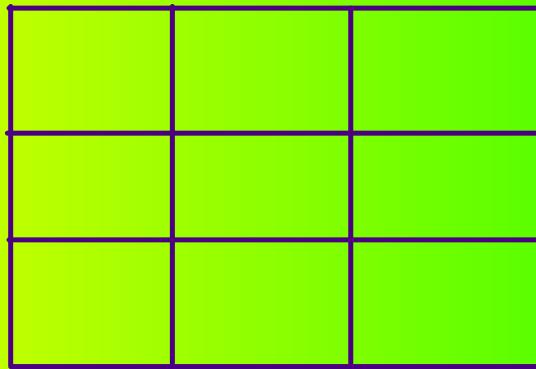
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What are the chances....?

What is the probability....?

$$p(\text{not getting a } 6) =$$
$$p(\text{getting a } 6) =$$





Two dice bingo

A sample-space diagram to show the outcomes for rolling two dice.

+	1	2	3	4	5	6
1	2	3	4			
2	3					
3						
4						
5						
6						

$$p(0) = 0$$

$$p(1) = 0$$

$$p(2) = \frac{1}{36}$$

$$p(3) = \frac{2}{36}$$

$$p(4) = \frac{3}{36}$$

$$p(5) = \frac{4}{36}$$

$$p(6) = \frac{5}{36}$$

$$p(7) = \frac{6}{36}$$

$$p(8) = \frac{5}{36}$$

$$p(9) = \frac{4}{36}$$

$$p(10) = \frac{3}{36}$$

$$p(11) = \frac{2}{36}$$

$$p(12) = \frac{1}{36}$$

$$p(13) = 0$$

Extension: Find

$$1) p(\text{ even no.}) = \frac{18}{36}$$

$$2) p(\text{ prime no.}) =$$

$$3) p(\text{ square no.}) =$$

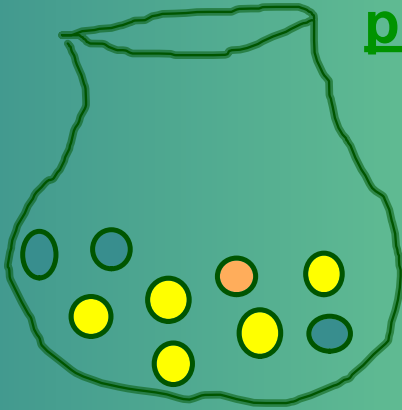
$$4) p(\text{ not a 5}) =$$

$$5) p(\text{ not a 7}) =$$

The Great Horse race

1									
2									
3									
4									
5									
6									
7	X								
8									
9									
10									
11									
12									

Using fractions to calculate probability



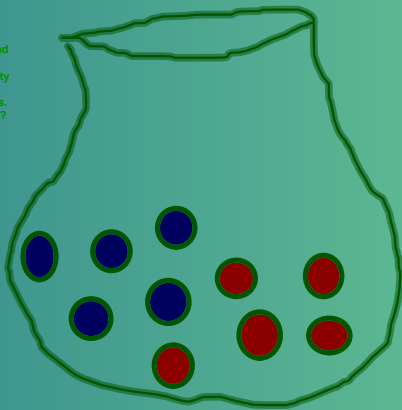
$$p(y) = \frac{5}{9}$$

$$p(b) = \frac{3}{9}$$

$$p(o) = \frac{1}{9}$$

$$p(w) = 0$$

If I add an extra blue and an extra red the probability of drawing a blue changes. True or false?



$$p(r) = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{5}{10}$$

$$p(o) = 0$$



Listing Outcomes

Sometimes the easiest way to show outcomes is simply to list the possibilities.

The main weakness of this strategy is that is easy to forget something. Work systematically and you will be fine!

List the possible outcomes for throwing a dice and a coin.

H1
H2
H3
H4
H5
H6

T1
T2
T3
T4
T5
T6

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Menu



Starters:
Melon
Green salad



Main Course:
Roast beef
Macaroni cheese
Pizza



What are the different combinations
you could eat?

M
M
M

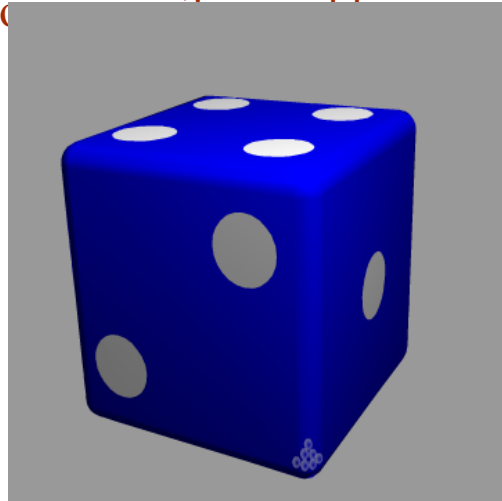
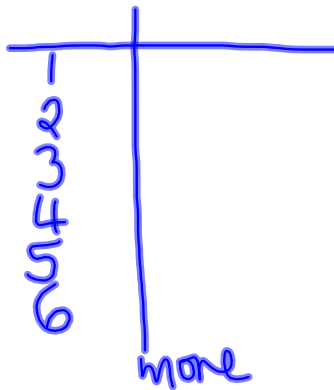
RB
MC
P

GS

Expected Outcomes

I throw a dice 12 times: how many times do I expect to get a 2?

Is this certain?



The times you throw the dice the more likely you are to get the same frequency for each number.

Attachments

fair or unfair.ppt.ppt

Fair or unfair.pptx