

Write down pairs of fractions that total 1.

$$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{8}{16} + \frac{8}{16}$$

$$\frac{95}{100} + \frac{5}{100}$$

$$\frac{4}{11} + \frac{7}{11}$$

$$\frac{4}{6} + \frac{2}{6}$$

$$\frac{82}{400} + \frac{318}{400}$$

**Heads I win, tails you lose**

# Probability

The chances are..you'll be good at this.

**Certain**  
A maths text book will have numbers in it.

If you ask someone at random, they will have a tv

likely

equally likely

throwing a coin and getting a head

unlikely

throwing a dice and getting a 1

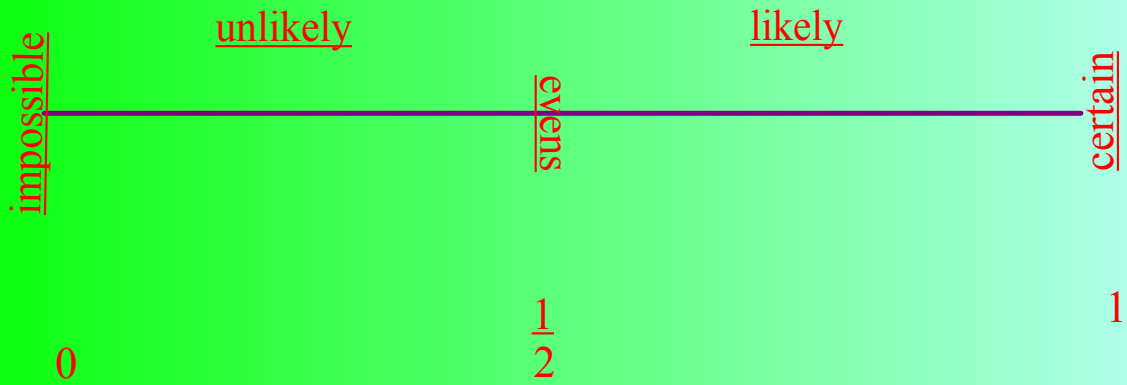
Tomorrow I will be 6ft tall

**Impossible**

There are adults and children in this school, so the chances of an adult walking through the door is 1/2. True or false?

Can you think of some events that have an evens chance of occurring?

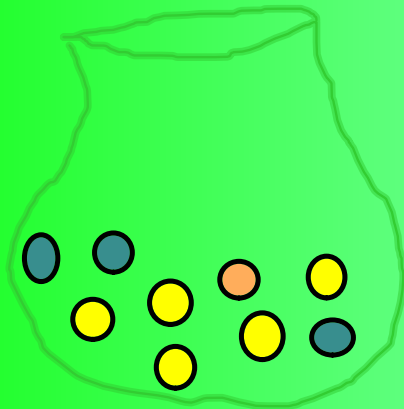
## The Probability Scale: Using words and fractions

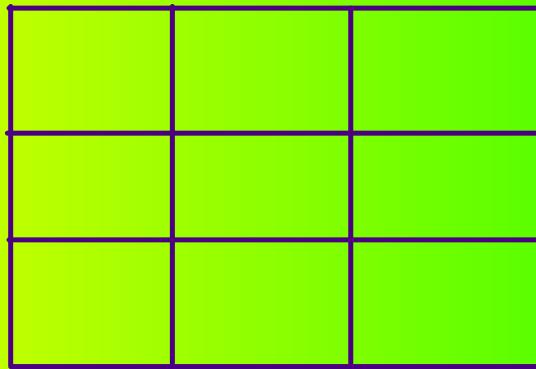


**What are the chances....?**

**What is the probability....?**

$$p(\text{not getting a } 6) = \frac{5}{6}$$
$$p(\text{getting a } 6) = \frac{1}{6}$$





Two dice bingo

**A sample-space diagram to show the outcomes for rolling two dice.**

+	1	2	3	4	5	6
1	2	3	4	5		
2						
3						
4						
5						
6						

$p(0) = \frac{0}{36}$        $p(5) =$        $p(10) =$   
 $p(1) = \frac{0}{36}$        $p(6) =$        $p(11) =$   
 $p(2) = \frac{1}{36}$        $p(7) =$        $p(12) =$   
 $p(3) =$        $p(8) =$        $p(13) =$   
 $p(4) =$        $p(9) =$

**Extension: Find**

- 1)  $p(\text{even no.}) =$
- 2)  $p(\text{prime no.}) =$
- 3)  $p(\text{square no.}) =$
- 4)  $p(\text{not a 5}) =$
- 5)  $p(\text{not a 7}) =$

page 171 ex 8.7 start at question 2

	1		
H	H 1	H 2	H 3

### The Great Horse race

1												Oliver
2	X	X										Amber
3	X	X	X									Izzy
4	X	X	X	X								Daren
5												Joshua
6	X	X										Christy
7	X	X	X	X	X	X						Alex
8	X											Calum
9	X	X	X									Yohan
10	X	X	X	X								Ethan
11	X	X	X									Mathew
12												Deren

Something to think about..

Tomorrow either it will rain or it won't rain, so the probability of it raining is  $1/2$ .

Next door is a family with 4 boys. The next child will most probably be a girl.

If you throw a coin 50 times and get 48 heads and 2 tails the coin must be biased.

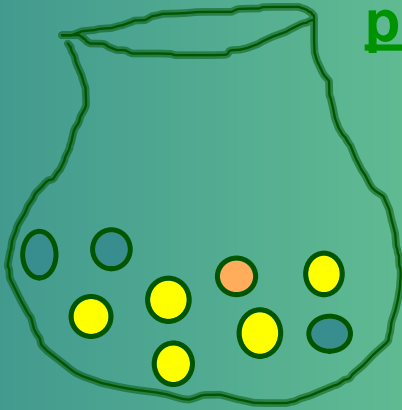
Everyone knows that some people are luckier than others. And everyone has good days and bad days. So the probability of throwing a 6 on a dice depends on who throws it and when.

If you throw a coin 50 times you will get 25 heads and 25 tails.

Bag A contains 4 red counters and 2 blue counters.  
Bag B contains 5 red counters and 5 blue counters.  
You are more likely to pick a red from bag A than you are from bag B.

True or false?

## Using fractions to calculate probability

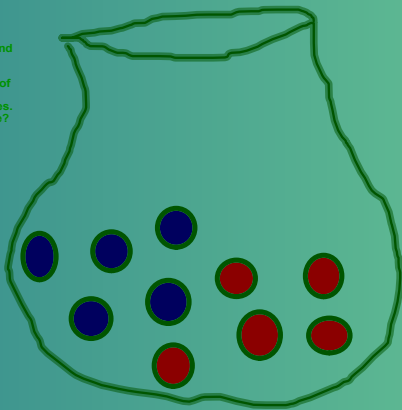


$$p(o) = \frac{1}{9}$$

$$p(y) = \frac{5}{9}$$

$$p(b) = \frac{3}{9}$$

If I add an extra blue and an extra red the probability of drawing a blue changes. True or false?



$$p(r) = \frac{5}{10} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$p(r_2) = \frac{6}{12} = \frac{1}{2}$$

8:2

$$1) a \quad p(\text{yellow}) =$$

$$b \quad p(\text{green}) =$$



## Listing Outcomes

Sometimes the easiest way to show outcomes is simply to list the possibilities.

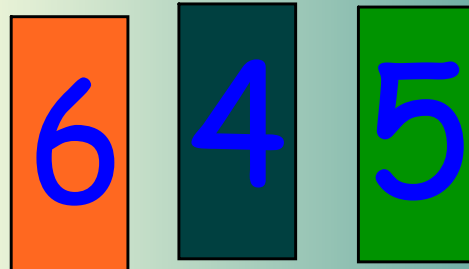
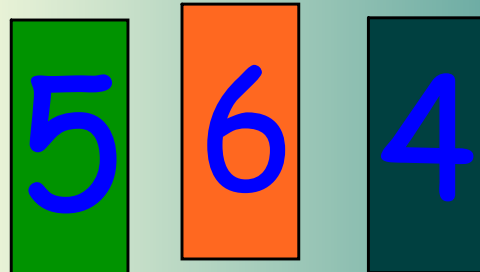
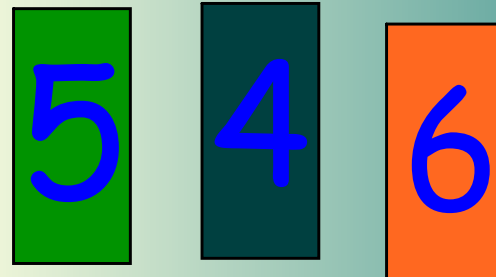
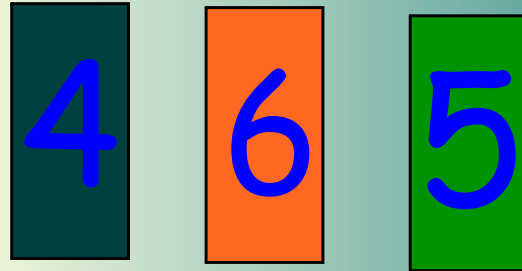
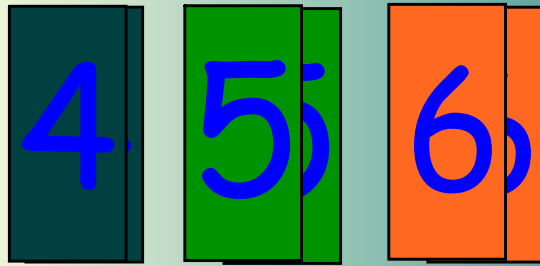
The main weakness of this strategy is that is easy to forget something. Work systematically and you will be fine!

List the possible outcomes for throwing a dice and a coin.

A coin + a dice

H 1	T 1
H 2	T 2
H 3	T 3
H 4	T 4
H 5	T 5
H 6	T 6

How many ways can you arrange these cards?



How many ways can you arrange the letters ABC?

A	B	C
A	C	B
B	A	C
B	C	A
C	A	B
C	B	A

## Menu



Starters:  
Melon  
Green salad



Main Course:  
Roast beef  
Macaroni cheese  
Pizza



What are the different combinations you could eat?

p174 1 ?

2

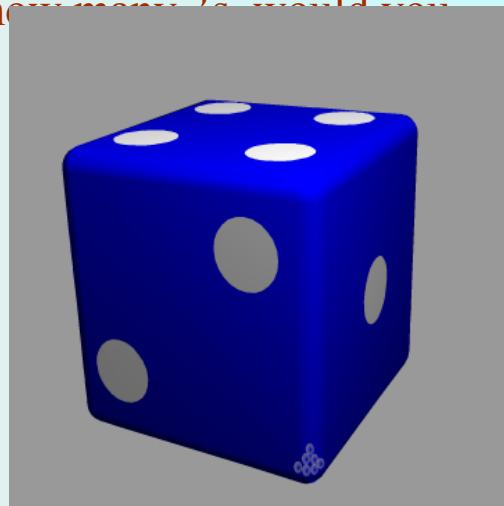
7

Ext p176  
qu 3

## Expected Outcomes

I throw a dice 12 times: how many 2s would you expect?

Is this certain?



Dice score	Tally	Frequency
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		

# Probability experiments

What's the probability of drawing out a blue cube?

**Make a table:**

Colour	tally

**Draw out 10 cubes (one at a time).**

**Make a hypothesis about the contents of the box.**

**Draw out 10 more cubes.**

**What do you think now?**

**Now draw out 10 more.**

simulation  
grid

**Page 162**

## Adding to 1

The probability of you being invited to tea with the queen is about 0.001



The probability of Mr Matthews hauling one of you out for a good telling off is  $1/20$ .

**Page 164**

# Probability from a two-way table

## 8L2's TV watching preferences

	soaps	sport	films	series
boys	0	12	1	4
girls	5	0	0	7

If I picked someone at random what is the probability they prefer...

$$p(\text{soap}) = \frac{5}{29}$$

$$p(\text{girl liking a series}) = \frac{7}{12}$$

$$p(\text{boy doesn't like a sport}) = \frac{5}{17}$$

$\frac{1}{4}$     $\frac{1}{5}$     $\frac{1}{3}$     $\frac{1}{2}$     $\frac{3}{4}$     $\frac{123}{124}$   
 $\frac{5}{2}$     $\frac{2}{9}$     $\frac{4}{15}$     $\frac{5}{9}$     $\frac{6}{9}$

## Attachments

---

fair or unfair.ppt.ppt

Fair or unfair.pptx